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Serial No.: 10/016,161 Amdt. Dated January 16, 2004

Reply to Office action of December 16, 2003.

## Amendments to the claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

## **Listing of Claims**

Claims 1-24 (Cancelled)

25. (Currently amended) A method for preparing at least one hydroxyterminated oligomer of a polyether polymer which comprises:

preparing a copolymer of a first polymer which is a polyethersulfone, polyetherketone, or polyetherimide and a second condensation polymer characterized by structural units containing an oxycarbonyl group, by contacting, under reactive conditions, at least one salt of a dihydroxyaromatic compound with at least one substituted aromatic compound of the formula

(I) 
$$Z(A^{1}-X^{1})_{2}$$
,

wherein Z is an activating radical,  $A^1$  is an aromatic radical and  $X^1$  is fluoro, chloro, brome or nitro, in the presence of said second polymer; and

contacting said copolymer with aqueous alkali under reactive conditions, thus hydrolyzing carbonate and ester units the oxycarbonyl group.

- 26. (Original) The method according to claim 25 wherein the dihydroxyaromatic compound salt is a sodium or potassium salt.
- 27. (Original) The method according to claim 25 wherein the second polymer is a polyester.
- 28. (Original) The method according to claim 25 wherein the second polymer is a polycarbonate.
- 29. (Original) The method according to claim 28 wherein the polycarbonate is a bisphenol A polycarbonate.

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- 30. (Original) The method according to claim 29 wherein the substituted aromatic compound is a bis(haloaryl) sulfone.
- 31. (Original) The method according to claim 25 wherein a water-immiscible aromatic compound is present as solvent.
- 32. (Original) The method according to claim 31 wherein the solvent is o-dichlorobenzene or anisole or a mixture thereof.
- 33. (Original) The method according to claim 31 wherein a phase transfer catalyst is also present.
- 34. (Original) The method according to claim 33 wherein the phase transfer catalyst is a hexaalkylguanidinium halide.
- 35. (Original) The method according to claim 33 wherein the contact temperature in the copolymer preparation step is in the range of about 125-250°C.
- 36. (Currently Amended) A method for preparing at least one hydroxy-terminated oligomer of a polyethersulfone which comprises:

preparing a copolymer of a polyethersulfone and a polycarbonate by contacting, under reactive conditions, at least one alkali metal salt of bisphenol A with bis(4-chlorophenyl) sulfone in the presence of said polycarbonate in solution in odichlorobenzene or anisole, further in the presence of about 1-10 mole percent, based on said bis(4-chlorophenyl) sulfone, of a hexaalkylguanidinium halide as phase transfer catalyst and at a temperature in the range of about 125-250°C to afford a copolymer comprising carbonate units; and

contacting said copolymer with aqueous sodium hydroxide or potassium hydroxide under reactive conditions, thus hydrolyzing carbonate units.